

# **Safety Data Sheet**

# Sadolin Stainable Wood Filler Base

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - Ireland / Northern Ireland

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Sadolin Stainable Wood Filler Base

Product identity: 6006336 A 2023

Product type: Filler

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application: For filling holes and cracks in wood. Applied by spatula or palette knife. See container for details. This

product is a two pack system and both parts must be mixed in accordance with the manufacturers

+353 (0)1 809 2166 (08.00-22.00) Seven days

Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

instructions.

Identified uses: Consumer applications.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details : Sadolin Crown Paints Ireland Ltd.
Crown Paints Limited Unit 8A Coolmine Central

PO Box 37, Crown House Porters Road, Coolmine Ind Est Hollins Road, Darwen Dublin 15, D15 AX9A Tel: 00353 1 8164400

Tel: 01254 704951 crownpaint.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) Ireland:

01254 704951 (08.00-17.00)

Contact Person: Product SHE Information Manager National Poisons Information Centre

Regulatory Affairs@hempel.com

Date of issue : 8 September 2023

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION

STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation)

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements:

General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product

container or label at hand.

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapour.

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Response: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and

wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or

attention.

Storage: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: vinyltoluene

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-

Not applicable.

resistant fastenings:

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result None known.

in classification:

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
vinyltoluene	EC: 246-562-2 CAS: 25013-15-4	≥10 - ≤22	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = Acute Tox. 4, H332 4500 ppm Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person.

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

immediately.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm

and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so

that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that

fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been

ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Not to be used: waterjet.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

mixture:

Ingestion:

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Floors may become slippery. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Never use pressure to empty; the container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in the same material as the supply container. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. Packs with a volume content of 5 litres or more may be marked with a maximum gross weight. To assist employers the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity (relative density) value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Storage: Do not store below the following temperature: 5 °C

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
vinyltoluene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [methylstyrene all isomers] OELV-15min: 483 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 10 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-8hr: 242 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

# 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

#### Individual protection measures





General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be

worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact

with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking,

using lavatory, and at the end of day.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment Eye/face protection:

> indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of

protection: chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The

quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific

workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the

appropriate type.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the

> product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Be sure to use approved/certified respirator or equivalent. It is not possible to specify precise filter type, since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of respirators should be

contacted in order to find the appropriate filter.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid.

Odour: Non-characteristic

pH: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Melting point/freezing point: 1339°C This is based on data for the following ingredient: Calcium carbonate

Boiling point/boiling range: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flash point: Non-flammable.

Evaporation rate: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flammability: Non-flammable. Upper/lower flammability or 1.9 - 6.1 vol %

explosive limits:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Vapour pressure : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Vapour density:

1.2 g/cm3 Relative density:

Partition coefficient (LogKow): Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Auto-ignition temperature : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Decomposition temperature: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable.

Explosive properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Oxidising properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight: Weighted average: 2 % Water % by weight : Weighted average: 0 %

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials and acids. Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

The product has been assessed following the conventional method and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short term and long term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
vinyltoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	2255 mg/kg	-

## Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (gases) Inhalation (vapours)	22500 ppm 55 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
vinyltoluene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	90 milligrams 100 Percent

# **Mutagenic effects**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Teratogenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
vinyltoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties : See Section 15 for details.

Other information: No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No known data avaliable in our database.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
vinyltoluene	3.35	100 - 320	low

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

No known data avaliable in our database.

(Koc):

Mobility: No known data avaliable in our database.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

See Section 15 for details.

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC): 08 01 11\*

#### **Packaging**

Used containers, drained and/ or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with EWC code: 15 01 10\*.

If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	Not regulat	ed.	-	-	No.	-
IMDG Class	Not regulat	ed.	-	-	No.	-
IATA Class	Not regulat	ed.	-	-	No.	-

PG\* : Packing group

Env.\* : Environmental hazards

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation - Substances of very high concern

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

#### Other EU regulations

This product is not controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]: Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

# Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation)	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

# Notice to reader

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.